

Vaccine Update: Hep B Vaccine in People with HIV

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Hepatitis B Vaccines

- HepB-CpG (Heplisav-B)
- Energix-B
- Recombivax HB
- Twinrix

• PreHevbrio no longer available in the US



HepB-CpG vs HepB-Alum Vaccine in People With HIV and Prior Vaccine Nonresponse The BEe-HIVe Randomized Clinical Trial



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Background:

- HBV is leading cause of liver-related mortality worldwide
- People with HIV have lower rates of seroprotection from recombinant Hep B vaccines (34-93%)

What's different about HepB-CpG?

- Recombinant vaccine with TLR-9 agonist to stimulate response to vaccine
- In vaccine-naïve people with HIV, 100% seroprotection with 3 doses of HepB-CpG



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Aim:

Determine whether HepB-CpG improves response for HepB among people with HIV who are non responders to conventional vaccines

Objectives:

Compare seroprotection response of 2 doses of HepB-CpG vaccine vs 3 does of HepB-alum vaccine (noninferiority study)

Compare seroprotection response of 3 doses of HepB-CpG vaccine vs 3 doses of HepB-alum vaccine (superiority study)

Study Design:

Phase 3 open-label, RCT in people with HIV who had previously received HBV vaccine



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Participants:

Adults 18 and over on ART (CD4 count \geq 100 and HIV VL < 1000) with prior HepB vaccination and without evidence of seroprotection or infection post vaccination

Definition of prior HepB vaccine response or infection – HepsAg positive, HepB cAb, HepBsAb \geq 10 at any time



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Intervention:

2 doses of HepB-CpG at 1 and 4 weeks 3 doses HepB-CpG at 0, 4, and 24 weeks Vs 3 doses of HepB-alum 20ug at 0, 4, 24 weeks

Outcomes:

Primary outcome: efficacy – HBsAb \geq 10 at 12 weeks after initiation of 2 dose series or at 28 weeks after initiation of 3 dose series

Secondary outcomes: seroprotection at study visits, and level of HBsAb titer



	HepB-CpG vaccine	HepB-CpG vaccine	
	2 Doses (n = 187)	3 Doses (n = 188)	3 Doses of HepB-alum vaccine (n = 186)
Age, y			
Median (IQR)	46 (27-57)	45 (33-55)	47 (32-58)
Group, No. (%)			
18-39	72 (39)	69 (37)	65 (35)
40-49	30 (16)	45 (24)	42 (23)
50-59	58 (31)	53 (28)	43 (23)
≥60	27 (14)	21 (11)	36 (19)
Sex assigned at birth, No. (%) ^a			
Female	67 (36)	68 (36)	67 (36)
Male	120 (64)	120 (64)	119 (64)
Gender identity, No. (%) ^b			
Cisgender	184 (98)	181 (97)	180 (97)
Transgender spectrum	3 (2)	6 (3)	5 (3)
Race, No. (%) ^c			
American Indian or Alaska Native	1 (1)	2 (1)	1 (1)
Asian	29 (16)	35 (19)	33 (18)
Black or African American	84 (45)	76 (40)	74 (40)
White	63 (34)	62 (33)	72 (39)
Multiple	2 (1)	1 (1)	2 (1)
Other	2 (1)	4 (2)	1(1)
Unknown	6 (3)	8 (4)	3 (2)
Ethnicity, No. (%) ^c			
Hispanic or Latino	39 (21)	42 (22)	40 (22)
Not Hispanic or Latino	148 (79)	145 (77)	144 (77)
Unknown	0	1 (1)	2 (1)
Injection drug use, No. (%)			
Current	0	0	0
Former	5 (3)	10 (5)	11 (6)
Never	182 (97)	178 (95)	175 (94)
Smoking status, No. (%) ^d			
Current	36 (19)	48 (26)	42 (23)
Former	41 (22)	36 (19)	39 (21)
Never	109 (59)	103 (55)	103 (56)
Diabetes, No. (%) ^a	25 (13)	23 (12)	26 (14)
Body mass index ^e			
Median (IQR)	26.8 (22.6-30.2)	26.6 (22.9-31.2)	26.0 (22.5-30.2)
Category, No. (%) ^e			
<18.5	9 (5)	7 (4)	7 (4)
18.5-<25	64 (34)	74 (39)	75 (41)
25-<30	61 (33)	49 (26)	53 (29)
≥30	53 (28)	58 (31)	50 (27)

Table. Baseline Characteristics of the Participants



Table. Baseline Characteristics of the Participants (continued)

	HepB-CpG vaccine	3 Doses of HepB-alum vaccine	
	2 Doses (n = 187)	3 Doses (n = 188)	(n = 186)
Time since HIV diagnosis, median (IQR), y ^f	13.0 (8.0-19.8)	14.1 (8.1-20.1)	12.4 (6.9-20.0)
Nadir CD4 cell count, median (IQR), cells/µL ^g	293 (97-467)	287 (136-508)	241 (95-467)
Current antiretroviral therapy regimen duration ≥1 y, No. (%)	136 (73)	142 (76)	136 (73)
CD4 cell count, cells/µL			
Median (IQR)	609 (434-859)	650 (511-862)	647 (477-854)
Category, No. (%)			
<200	6 (3)	3 (2)	6 (3)
200-<350	19 (10)	13 (7)	11 (6)
350-<500	35 (19)	28 (15)	34 (18)
≥500	127 (68)	144 (77)	135 (73)
HIV RNA <40 copies/mL, No. (%) ^h	175 (94)	176 (94)	175 (94)
Time since previous hepatitis B vaccination, No. (%), y			
0-<5	62 (33)	69 (37)	71 (38)
5-<10	38 (20)	43 (23)	41 (22)
≥10	87 (47)	76 (40)	74 (40)
Previous doses of hepatitis B vaccine, No. (%)			
1-2	50 (27)	39 (21)	37 (20)
3	100 (53)	102 (54)	100 (54)
4-5	22 (12)	28 (15)	24 (13)
≥6	15 (8)	19 (10)	25 (13)

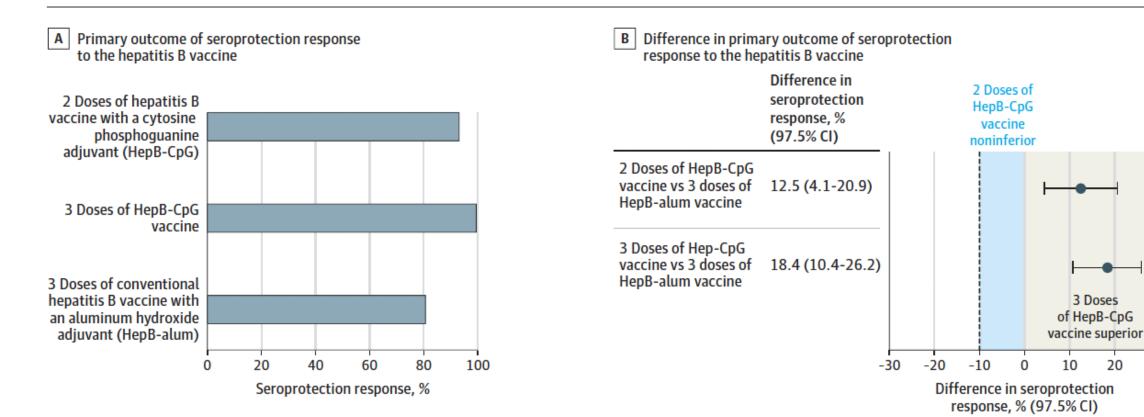


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Figure 2. Efficacy Analysis for the Primary Outcome of Seroprotection Response to the Hepatitis B Vaccine



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Figure 3. Seroprotection Response to the Hepatitis B Vaccine by Scheduled Study Weeks 100 Level of antibody titer against hepatitis B surface antigen, mIU/mL Participants with seroprotection response, % >1000 100-1000 10-99 5-9 <5 80 3 Doses of conventional hepatitis B vaccine with an aluminum hydroxide adjuvant (n = 165)60 2 Doses of hepatitis B vaccine with a cytosine phosphoguanine adjuvant (n = 174)3 Doses of hepatitis B vaccine with a cytosine 40 phosphoguanine adjuvant (n = 169) 2 Doses of hepatitis B vaccine with a cytosine phosphoguanine adjuvant (HepB-CpG) 3 Doses of HepB-CpG vaccine 40 50 60 70 80 20 0 10 20 30 90 100 • 3 Doses of conventional hepatitis B vaccine with Participants, % an aluminum hydroxide adjuvant (HepB-alum) 0 8 12 24 28 Λ Timo wk

	Time, wk					
No. of participants						
2 Doses of HepB-CpG vaccine	185	177	175	172	162	162
3 Doses of HepB-CpG vaccine	188	177	174	169	162	162
3 Doses of HepB-alum vaccine	186	174	173	167	164	160

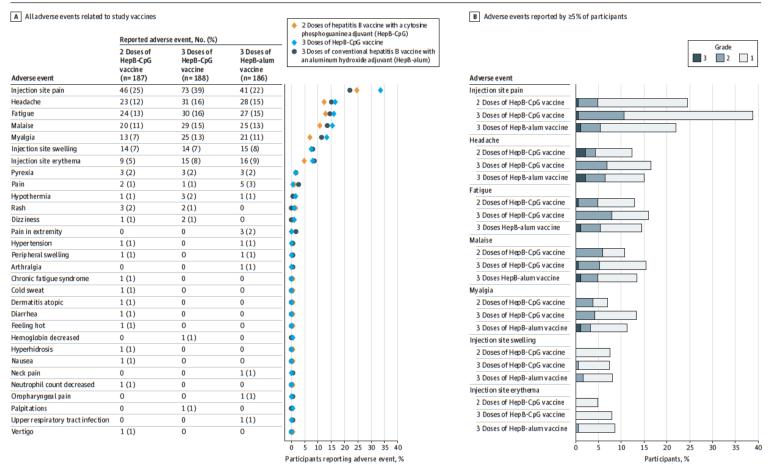
Figure 4. Level of Antibody Against Hepatitis B Surface Antigen at Primary Time Point



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Figure 5. Adverse Events Related to the Hepatitis B Vaccine



The adverse event terms are MedDRA preferred terms (version 26.1). An adverse event receiving grade 1 was mild; grade 2, moderate; grade 3, severe; and grade 4, potentially life-threatening. The grading system is from the Division of AIDS Table for Grading the Severity of Adult and Pediatric Adverse Events (version 2.1).



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Take Home Points:

HepB-CpG either 2 or 3 doses led to better seroprotection response compared to HepB-Alum



Heplisav-B is now the preferred vaccine for previously unvaccinated individuals, dosed at 0 and 4 weeks (AII)

If Heplisav-B is not available, then double-dose Engerix-B or double-dose Recombivax HB x 3 doses should be given (ACIP does not include this as a recommendation for people with HIV)

Heplisav-B is FDA approved for individuals 18+ years



Heplisav-B is now the preferred vaccine for previous nonresponders, dosed at 0 and 4 weeks (AII), with consideration of 3rd dose at 24 weeks (BIII)

If failed 2 dose series of Heplisav-B, then 3rd dose at 24 weeks after 1st dose (BIII)



OI Guidelines Recommendation – other nuances

Some experts would check anti-HBs annually and give a booster dose if levels fall below 10 mIU/mL, particularly if a person has ongoing risk factors for acquiring HBV and is not receiving tenofovir **(CIII)**

Risk factors for waning immunity – low CD4 counts, initial low titer immediately post completion of vaccination series





Questions?



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